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# **IDDSI: From Regulatory Requirements** to Successful Implementation Webinar

on Dietetic Registration

Accredited Provider

Thursday, March 21, 2019 (2:30 – 4:00 pm EST)

Time: Convert to your own time zone at: http://www.timeanddate.com/worldclock/converter.html

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# **How to Participate:**

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- 1. View this program by clicking the "Join Webinar" button or link from your reminder email.
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# **Course Description:**

The International Dysphagia Standardization Initiative (IDDSI) has been endorsed for May 2019 implementation in the United States. This webinar will describe what this means regarding "best practice" expectations from key professional organizations and regulatory agencies for long term care. A discussion of the IDDSI framework overview along with recommended steps in team collaboration for successful transition and implementation will be provided.

## **Course Objectives:**

After completing this continuing education course the learner should be able to:

- 1. Identify recommendations and regulatory requirements from key professional organizations and government for IDDSI implementation in the US.
- 2. Describe the IDDSI framework and recommendations for transitioning dysphagia programs.
- 3. Discuss team collaboration and resources to assist in successful implementation.

**Speakers:** Brenda Richardson, MA, RDN, LD, CD, FAND and Karen Sheffler, MS, CCC-SLP, BCS-S Disclosures: Brenda discloses that she is on the Advisory Council and a consultant to Hormel Health Labs. Karen discloses that she is a consultant for Hormel Health Labs, on the Advisory Council and an IDDSI Champion volunteer.

# **Professional Approvals:**

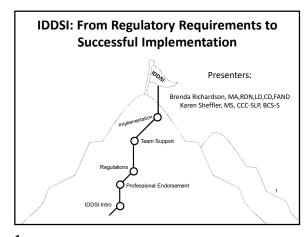
Becky Dorner & Associates, Inc. has been a Continuing Professional Education (CPE) Accredited Provider (NU004) with the Commission on Dietetic Registration since 2002.

This course is intended for: RDNs,	CDR Activity Type and Number:
CDEs, NDTRs, CDMs	171 Live webinar Activity number 146679
Course CPE Hours: 1.5	CDR Level: 2
Suggested CDR Learning Needs Codes:	Suggested CDR Performance Indicators:
3050, 5040, 5210, 7100	1.5.1, 3.2.2, 8.3.1, 8.3.6

Note: Numerous other learning needs codes and performance indicators apply.

How to Complete a CPE Course: <a href="https://www.beckydorner.com/continuing-education/how-to-complete-cpe/">https://www.beckydorner.com/continuing-education/how-to-complete-cpe/</a> Sign up for free membership at <a href="https://www.beckydorner.com">www.beckydorner.com</a> to access test/certificate and valuable resources.

Questions? Please contact us at info@beckydorner.com or 1-800-342-0285.





Honorarium for

today's lecture Member of Advisory Board

for Hormel Health

### Presenter:

### A known leader in the field of dietetics.

National acclaimed speaker, author, LTC nutrition-legal expert, facility consultant and consultant to health care providers.

Brenda Richardson, MA, RDN, LD, CD, FAND

- President of Brenda Richardson LLC.
- Numerous positions with the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics: Past Chair of DHCC, Past Chair of ANDPAC, Serves on Finance and Audit Committee. Served on Positions Committee, IMPACT ACT Task Force, Academy CMS Workgroup.
- Honors: Academy Medallion Award 2016; Recipient of the 2019 Lenna Frances Cooper Memorial Lecture Award

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- Disclosures

  Honorarium for today's companies for dysphagia companies for dysphagia lecturing. Dysphagia consultant for Hormel Health Labs Member of Advisory Council for Hormel Health Labs Volunteered as IDDSI

- Champion since 2014

# Karen Sheffler, MS, CCC-SLP, BCS-S

### Presenter

- Over 20 years of experience as a medical SLP,
- specializing in dysphagia since 1995. Board Certification Swallowing Specialist.
- Owner, SwallowStudy.com.
- Experience in acute care, rehab centers, skilled nursing facilities & home health care.
- Currently works at Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center.
- Nationally known speaker.
- Provides dysphagia expert services to companies and law firms.
- Honors: ASHA Award for Continuing Ed x 6! Member of ASHA's Special Interest Group 13
- the National Foundation of Swallowing Disorders (NFOSD), and the Dysphagia Research Society, and is on the Public Relations committee for ABSSD.

# **Objectives**

- Identify recommendations and regulatory requirements from key professional organizations on IDDSI implementation in the US.
- Describe the overview of the IDDSI framework and recommendations for transitioning current dysphagia programs.
- Discuss team collaboration and resources to assist in successful implementation.

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The Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics and the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association together support May 1, 2019, as the official launch date for IDDSI implementation in the United States.

The announcement was made at the 2018 Food and Nutrition Conference and Expo™ in Washington D.C.





Professional Organization Support

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Nutrition Care Manual The Nutrition Care Manual "Diet Manual" has been updated to reflect the IDDSI framework and is a great resource to help with your facility's transition.

Note: A subscription is required to view the "Diet Manual" and other sections of the Nutrition Care Manual.





Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics Nutrition Care Manual

http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org. Accessed [3/8/19].

# Academy NCM: Texture-Modified Diets and Liberalized Diet

 As for all diets in health care settings, texture-modified diets (mechanically altered diets) should be at the most liberal level tolerated and should be frequently reassessed for potential adjustments/advancements (Pioneer network, 2011; MQii, 2017).



http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org. Accessed [3/8/19].

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## **Academy NCM**

Texture-Modified Diets: Background

- The National Dysphagia Diet (NDD), published in 2002 by the American Dietetic Association, was aimed to establish standard terminology and practice applications of dietary texture modification in dysphagia management (Academy, 2002).
- When the NDD was developed, it was anticipated that additional research would follow the NDD and evolve dysphagia care accordingly.



http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org.

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## **Academy NCM**

Texture-Modified Diets: Background (continued)

- The Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics supports the adoption of a new dysphagia framework, the International Dysphagia Diet Standardization Initiative (IDDSI), and is working on implementation of the IDDSI framework in the United States.
- During the IDDSI transition phase, use of both the NDD and IDDSI names and definitions are acceptable. However, after the IDDSI implementation date, NDD diet terminology and definitions will become obsolete

http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org.

right. NCM

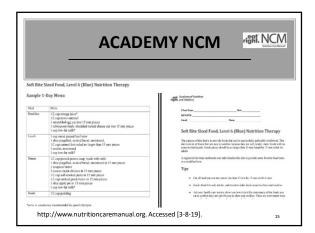
Academy NCM	right. NCM
Texture-Modified Diets: IDDSI Diets	
The International Dysphagia Diet Standardization Initiative (IDDSI) w global approach to consistent diet terminology and definitions for d settings and for all cultures (IDDSI, 2017).	
Transitioning to the standardized terminology/definitions used in the will allow for consistent communication among health professionals, & industry partners to improve quality of care and safety for patients.	, care providers, researchers
The transition to the IDDSI framework is ongoing and in different states. In order to provide consistent international dysphagia care a dysphagia research internationally, it is critical that clinicians use the and measurable characteristics for each diet or liquid texture	ind further advance
The Nutrition Care Process Terminology was updated in 2017 to inci in an effort to facilitate adoption and documentation. With improvi the IDDSI also intends to pave the way for future international resea	ng patient safety as its goal,
http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org	10
Academy Nutrition Care Manua	I
Texture-Modified Diets  Currently, texture-modified diet names as well as what is actually served on these diets varies greatly across facilities. The Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics supports the evidenced-based International Dysphagia Diet Standardization Initiative (IDDSI)	rigRI. NCM
framework in conjunction with the American Speech-Language Hearing Association (ASHA).	
http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org. Accessed [3/8/19].	11
Academy Nutrition Care Manua  Texture-Modified Diets (continued)  The implementation process of the new terminology and framework typically takes several years and should be approached systematically. However, the Nutrition Care Process Terminology was updated in 2017 to include the IDDSI terminology in an effort to facilitate adoption and documentation.	il right. <u>NCM</u>
http://www.nutritioncaremanual.org. Accessed [3/8/19].	

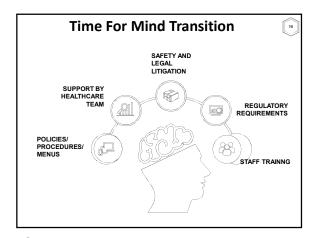
# Academy Nutrition Care Manual Texture-Modified Diets (continued) During the IDDSI transition phase in the United States, use of both the National Dysphagia Diet (NDD) and IDDSI names and definitions are acceptable. The goal will be for all health care professionals and facilities to complete necessary changes for successful transition to IDDSI. After complete adoption of IDDSI framework, NDD will then be designated as obsolete.

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# Academy Nutrition Care Manual Texture-Modified Diets (continued) • See Guide for Transitioning Dysphagia Terminology and Definitions to IDDSI Framework. • Because both NDD and IDDSI diets are acceptable during the transition period, the NCM Diet Manual will provide definitions for both approaches until the IDDSI framework is fully adopted

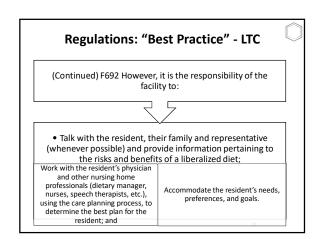
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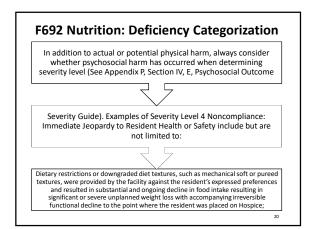
# What About Regulations: "Best Practice" – LTC? F692 Definition: "Therapeutic diet" refers to a diet ordered by a physician or other delegated provider that is part of the treatment for a disease or clinical condition, to eliminate, decrease, or increase certain substances in the diet (e.g., solium or potassium), or to provide mechanically altered food when indicated. Diet Liberalization: Based on the resident's assessment, it could be beneficial to minimize restrictions, such as therapeutic or mechanically altered diets, and provide preferred foods before using supplementation. However, it is the responsibility of the facility to:

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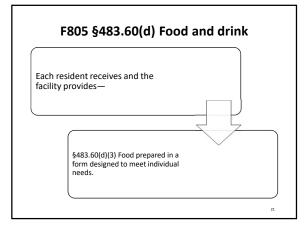


# F692 Nutrition: Functional Factors Modification of food and fluid consistency may be an appropriate intervention, however it may unnecessarily decrease quality of life and impair nutritional status by affecting appetite and reducing intake. Many factors influence whether a swallowing abnormality eventually results in clinically significant complications, such as aspiration pneumonia. Identification of a swallowing abnormality alone does not necessarily warrant dietary restrictions or food texture modifications. No interventions consistently prevent aspiration and no tests consistently prevent aspiration and no test consistently predict who will develop aspiration pneumonia.

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# F805 §483.60(d) Food and drink (Cont.) PROCEDURES §483.60(d)(3) • Observe meals and food preparation to assure the food is prepared and appropriate to meet resident's needs and according to their assessment and care plan. · Are there any observations of residents having difficulty chewing or swallowing their food? • Is the food cut, chopped, ground, or pureed for individual 22 F808 §483.60(e) Therapeutic Diets 1) Therapeutic diets must be prescribed by the attending physician. 2) The attending physician may delegate to a registered or licensed dietitian the task of prescribing a resident's diet, including a therapeutic diet, to the extent allowed by State law. INTENT: To assure that residents receive and consume foods in the <u>appropriate</u> form and/or the appropriate nutritive content as <u>prescribed by a physician</u>, and/or <u>assessed by the interdisciplinary team to support the resident's treamment</u>, plan of <u>care</u>, in accordance with his her goals and preferences. 23 F808 §483.60(e) Therapeutic Diets DEFINITIONS §483.60(e)(1)-(2) "Therapeutic Diet" means a diet ordered by a physician or delegated registered or licensed dietitian as part of treatment for a disease or clinical condition, or to eliminate or decrease specific nutrients in the diet, (e.g., sodium) or to increase specific nutrients in the diet (e.g., potassium), or to provide food the resident is able to eat (e.g., a mechanically altered diet). "Mechanically altered diet" means one in which the texture of a diet is altered. When the texture is modified, the type of texture modification must be specific and part of the physicians' or delegated registered or licensed dietitian order.

# The RDN, SLP and Health Care Team

- Patients who require change in the consistency or texture of foods/fluids require an individualized and interdisciplinary approach whereby patients are assessed by the speechlanguage pathologist (SLP), registered dietitian nutritionist (RDN), and medical team.
- The SLP will help determine which diet texture will best meet the patient's physical ability to consume food safely and presents the lowest risk for aspiration.
- The RDN is responsible for implementing a balanced nutrition plan that meets the consistency specifications outlined by the SLP.
- Often the entire health care team (including physicians and nurses) is involved in monitoring for difficulties related to chew/swallow; in reporting concerns per facility policy; monitoring diet texture effectiveness, adherence, understanding; and evaluating patient educational needs.

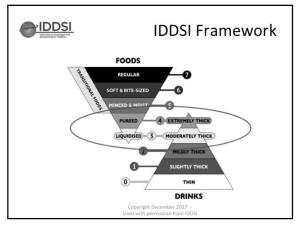
Source: Academy Nutrition Care Manual (NCM)



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# IDDSI.ORG: Information Resource IDDSI International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative A proof framework in your month sche herry with Openings Octo Framework in your month of the Control of

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### **Brief IDDSI History** Group of professionals from around the globe launched the initiative at the European Society of Swallowing Disorders in Barcelona, Spain. Their aim was to develop international 2012 dysphagia diet standards that would meet the needs of all individuals with dysphagia. They are speech-language pathologists, dietitians, nurses, occupational therapists, physiotherapists, doctors, mechanical engineers, food technologists, and scientists. 2013 Incorporation of IDDSI & started website IDDSI.org Extensive research and stakeholder surveys, for 2015 3 years, went into the development/refinement of the IDDSI Framework (released fall 2015). IDDSI Framework & detailed descriptors were licensed 2016-17 under CreativeCommons Attribution Share-alike 4.0 License, 2016. Last IDDSI revision March 4, 2017.

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# **Brief IDDSI History**

It is important to note that IDDSI is NOT brand new, and it is based on a strong foundation of research and stakeholder surveys.

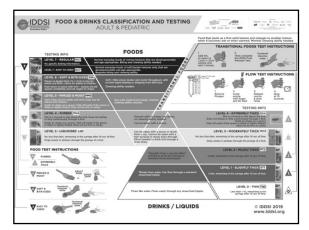
See a brief history & review by Luis F. Riquelme, PhD, BCS-S, CCC-SLP https://blog.asha.org/2017/11/07/iddsi-next-steps-tools-tips-for-smooth-implementation/

ASHA first announced its support for the IDDSI Framework in early 2017, per an ASHA Leader publication March 1, 2017, which stated: (https://doi.org/10.1044/leader.AN1.22032017.60)

- "In 2013, ASHA agreed to be listed as a supporter of this initiative..."
- "The standardization framework represents a tremendous step forward in collaborating in the care of people with swallowing disorders," says ASHA President Gail J. Richard. "With ASHA members on the front lines of treating these patients every day, we support tools that can help us improve quality of care."

Slide created by <u>SwallowStudy.com</u> 2018





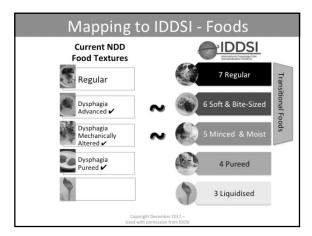
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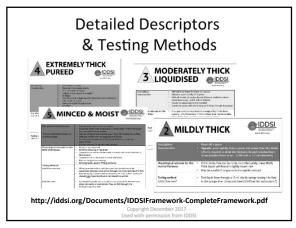
# IDDSI Framework & Creative Commons License

- See Cichero, et al. (2017). Development of International Terminology and Definitions for Texture-Modified Foods and Thickened Fluids Used in Dysphagia Management: The IDDSI Framework. Dysphagia, 32, 293-314.
- Download IDDSI Framework & Detailed Definitions; Testing Methods; Evidence Statement documents: <a href="http://iddsi.org/framework/">http://iddsi.org/framework/</a>
- Cite the CreativeCommons BY-SA 4.0 license as follows:
  The International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative 2016
  @http://iddsi.org/framework/

Attribution is NOT PERMITTED for derivative works incorporating any alterations to the IDDSI Framework that extend beyond language translation. Supplementary Notice: Modification of the diagrams or descriptors within the IDDSI Framework is DISCOURAGED and NOT RECOMMENDED. Alterations to elements of the IDDSI framework may lead to confusion and errors in diet texture or drink selection for patients with dysphagia. Such errors have previously been associated with adverse events including choking and death.

Slide created by <u>SwallowStudy.com</u> 2018





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# But what does a Regular Diet (Level 7) require?

- Adequate Cognition: Is there lethargy/sedation, poor attention to task/distractibility, impulsivity, lack of self & safety awareness?
- Adequate Structure: Teeth/dentures? Can they chew with their gums? Pain? Dry? Tumor, missing anatomy, scar tissue, fibrotic/stiff, edema?
- Coordination: Can they coordinate of breathing & swallowing?
- Adequate Physiology or function:
  - Timing: Are they slow to process the food in the mouth? Slow to trigger the swallow? Slow airway closure? Slow esophageal empty?
  - Motility: Weakness in lips, tongue, cheeks, jaw, palate can all lead to poor food/liquid processing in mouth. Weakness in back of tongue and throat squeezing muscles can prevent food/liquid from clearing through the throat safely & efficiently. Could lead to food/liquid dropping into airway OR
  - food/liquid remaining stuck in the mouth, throat, and/or esophagus.

     Sensory: You need to feel the food/liquid to start a good swallow, AND to know if food/liquid enters the airway or gets stuck. Poor sensory input can give poor motor output.

Slide created by SwallowStudy.com 2018

# Easy To Chew — Level 7 Described by IDDSI as: • Normal everyday foods of soft/tender textures only, that are developmentally and age appropriate. • Requires biting and chewing ability. NEW Slide created by SwallowStudy.com 201:

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# Soft & Bite-Sized - Level 6

- Soft, tender & moist throughout.
- No separate thin liquid.
- Chewing is required. Biting is NOT required.
- Bite-Sized pieces, with particle size of:
  - Adults: 1.5cm squared (aka, 15mm, 0.6 inches, little more than ½ inch, or size of adult thumbnail)
  - Pediatric: 8mm (0.3 inches or child's pinky nail)
  - Sizes measured to diameter of trachea/prevent choking
- Can be eaten with fork, spoon, chopsticks, fingers.
- Knife not needed, as food pre-cut to bite sizes
- Tongue force & control are required to move food for chewing, keep in mouth for chewing, & to move food back for the swallow.
- Food squashes with "fork pressure test." Changes shape & does not return to original shape when fork lifted.

Slide created by <u>SwallowStudy.com</u> 2018

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## Minced & Moist - Level 5

- Soft & Moist with no separate liquid
- Small visible lumps, with particle sizes of:
  - Adult: 4mm lump size
  - Pediatric: 2mm lump size
  - This is the size of food after it is chewed; "ready to swallow"
- Lumps are easy to squash with tongue
- Minimal chewing required. Biting is NOT required.
- Can be eaten with a fork or spoon
- Could be eaten with chopsticks, if good hand control
- Can be scooped and shaped (e.g., into a ball) on a plate

Again, see Framework & Descriptors document

for some food examples for each diet & Food Texture Requirements.

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# Puree & Extremely Thick Liquid Level 4

- $\bullet$  Usually eaten with a spoon, but fork is possible
- Cannot be drunk from a cup
- Cannot be sucked through a straw
- Does NOT require chewing
- Can be piped, layered or molded
- Shows some very slow movement under gravity, but cannot be poured
- Falls off spoon in a single spoonful WHEN TILTED
- Continues to hold shape on plate
- NO lumps -> smooth
- NOT sticky -> moist

https://youtu.be/ElltlGY3ndo

• Liquid must not separate from solid

Slide created by SwallowStudy.com 2018

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# 'Transitional foods'

Gisel (1991) Dev Med Child Neurol, 33: 69-79; Dovey (2013) Dysphagia, 28: 501-510

- Start as one texture (e.g. solid) and change to another when moisture is applied (saliva, water) or temperature (heat) change occurs
- · Minimal chewing required
- Tongue pressure may be sufficient to break food down after alteration in moisture or temperature
- Developmental teaching or rehabilitation of chewing skills







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# **Food Testing**

# <u>Important Food Properties for</u> <u>simple POINT OF SERVICE testing:</u>

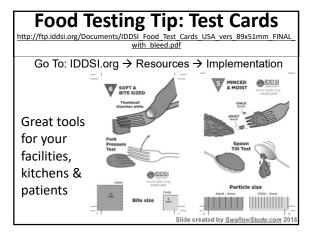
DO DON'T
Softness Hardness
Cohesiveness Crumbly
Slipperiness Stickiness

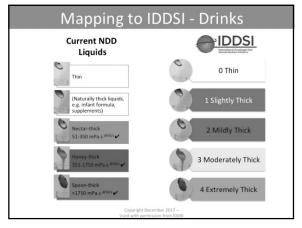
Size & Shape of Food: crucial factors in choking risk.

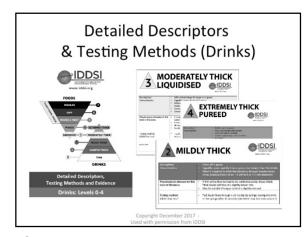
See Steele, et al. (2015). The Influence of Food Textures & Liquid Consistency Modification on Swallowing Physiology and Function: A Systematic Review. *Dysphagia*, *30*, 2-26.

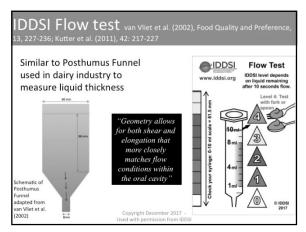
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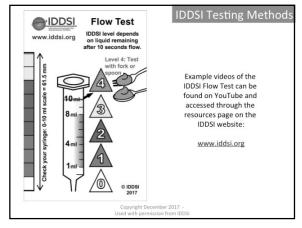


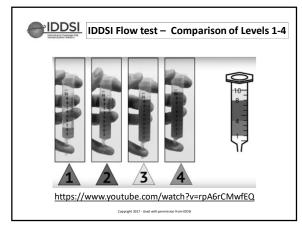


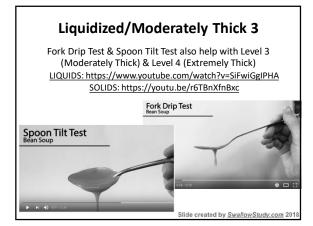












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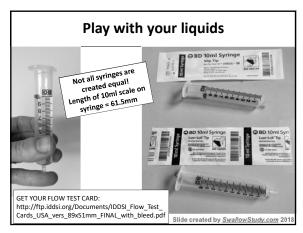
IDDSI Flow Test Good for Levels 1, 2, 3

Mildly Thick Liquid 2

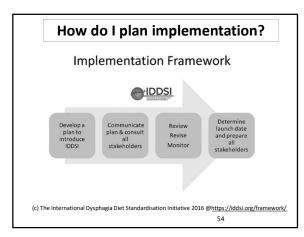
Slightly Thick Liquid 1

Thin Liquid 0 (white background)

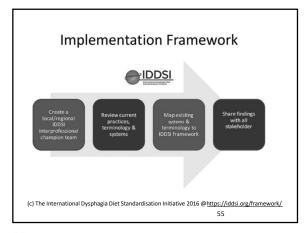
Slide created by SwallowStudy.com 2018

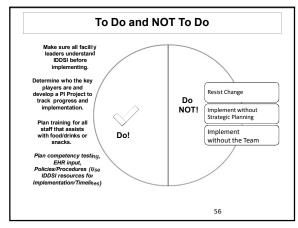


Name of Liquid	Warm/ Cold	Syringe Type*	Trial 1 ml	Trial 2 ml	Trial 3 ml	Avg ml	Results (Thin, Slightly, Mildly, Moderately, Extremely)	Comments (? borderline, ? too thick or too thi
			char	t in th	e blog	g:	Flow Tests.	
t	low Te emper Many s	esting is rature. suppler	s impo	ortant are <b>S</b> l	at col	ld an	ents often! d room k liquids Flow Test).	



# IDDSI: From Regulatory Requirements to Successful Implementation Webinar

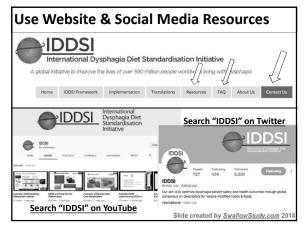






# Risk management during transition to IDDSI Time frame to change labels Industry change to IDDSI labels is voluntary For other label change initiatives, including those legislated, a two year time frame is most common A change over period is to be expected

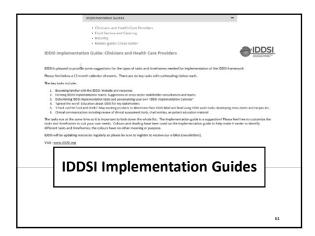
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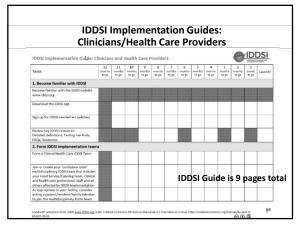
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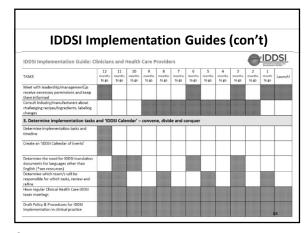


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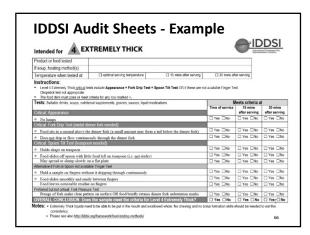


Tools to assist		
IDDSI PowerPoint presentations http://kldsi.org/resources/	Examples:  What is IDOSI?  IDOSI framework Descriptors and Testing Methods  Implementation resources and tools	
IDDSI Posters http://iddsi.org/resources/	Examples: What is ISOS = Flow Test Poster Country specific adoption posters	
IDDSI Teols http://iddsi.org/resources/	Complex:   III DOS Abott took   III DOS Abott took   III DOS Abbrevastism for FoodService Software   III DOS Abbrevastism for FoodService Software   Country Specific Conservation Abotts (e.g., National Dysphagia Diet to IIDDS]   IIDDS Integlies for diswilload to stickers   III DOS INTEGLIES   III DOS INTEGLI	
March 2018 IDDSI Implementation Guide	grader Create Common Act Auto-Sharakh e El tra-retical Lisens http://retileasummon.og/h i:: Clinicians and Health Care Providers	© © © □
Tools to assist	"This will soon be called" transitional label sticker templates	





Testing intended for	MINCED & MOI	ST			DDSI done One begin Date
Product or food tested					
Heating method(s)	□ at time of service	☐ 15 mins after serving			
Temperature when tested:	☐ 30 mins a	after serving			
Tests				Meets criteria a	
			Time of service	15 mins	30 mins
Critical: Appearance	(adalah Jama (andistalah)				
Oritical: Appearance  * Lumps less than or equal to 4mm (	(adults); 2mm (pediatrics)		Time of service	15 mins after serving	30 mins after serving
Critical: Appearance  * Lumps less than or equal to 4mm (  * No separate thin liquid			Time of service	15 mins after serving	30 mins after serving
Critical: Appearance  * Lumps less than or equal to 4mm (  * No separate thin liquid Critical: Fork Pressure Test (metal of	dinner fork needed)		Time of service	15 mins after serving     Yes No     Yes No	30 mins after serving Yes No Yes No
Critical: Appearance  * Lumps less than or equal to 4mm (  No separate thin liquid  Critical: Fork Pressure Test (metal of  Food can be easily mashed with lit (pressure should not make thumb a  Easily separates and comes through	dinner fork needed) ttle pressure from a dinner fork nail blanch to white] h prongs of a dinner fork		Time of service	15 mins after serving Yes No	30 mins after serving Yes No
Critical: Appearance  * Lumps less than or equal to 4mm (  No separate thin liquid  Critical: Fork Pressure Test (metal of  Food can be easily mashed with lit (pressure should not make thumb a  Easily separates and comes through	dinner fork needed) ttle pressure from a dinner fork nail blanch to white] h prongs of a dinner fork		Time of service	15 mins after serving     Yes No     Yes No	30 mins after serving Yes No Yes No
Critical: Appearance  Lumps less than or equal to 4mm ( No separate thin liquid  Grideal: Fork Pressure Test (metal of Food can be castly mashed with lift foressure should not make thumb to Easily separates and comes through Grideal: Spoon 11th Test (teaspoon n	dinner fork needed) ttle pressure from a dinner fork nasil blanch to white] h prongs of a dinner fork needed) ed left on teaspoon (i.e. not sticky).		Time of service  Yes No Yes No Yes No	15 mins after serving     Yes    No     Yes    No     Yes    No     Yes    No	30 mins after serving  Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No



# IDDDSI: Consumer Handouts CONSUMER HANDOUTS AND POSTER SERIES Introducing our newest resource — Consumer Handouts for each IDDSI Level. These handouts were developed for adults with dysphagia and families of children and babies with dysphagia as well as other careproviders. Each IDDSI level of food (Levels 3-7) and drinks (Levels 0-4) is presented in an easy to read format with separate handouts for adults and careproviders of babies/children. The recommended testing methods are clearly shown in visual graphic format. In addition, we have included some additional resources: Examples of foods that may be appropriate for a particular IDDSI Level Example ists of foods to avoid. A handout on Transitional foods An FAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on when to transition from baby/child size to adult food sizes An HAC on developed size of the child side who reviewed the handouts and provided invaluable feedback. Size Bobins of Vancouver Canada, Anna Miles and colleagues of the Wezeland, Hannal Crawford, Judin Anderson, Kamini Gadhok, Louise Borjes and colleagues of the United Kingdom. Thank you!

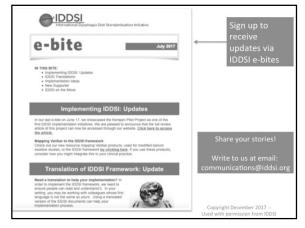
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# Find "Champions" in Your Facility

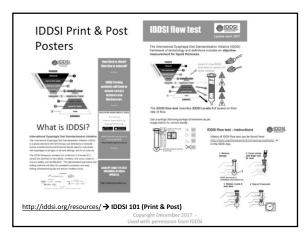
- The Registered Dietitian & Speech-Language Pathologist can start raising awareness & building a task force/team. Give quick talks/lectures.
- Team up with food service & nursing.
- At our hospital, our chef became a chief advocate.
- Review every item on the menu, using IDDSI's detailed descriptors and all testing methods.
- You may need to delete items, change items, and add new recipes.
- Consider sharing your ideas/recipes on IDDSI.org!

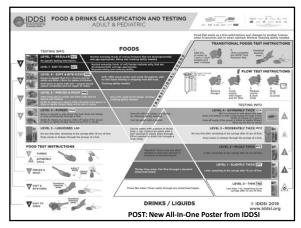
Slide created by <u>SwallowStudy.com</u> 2018

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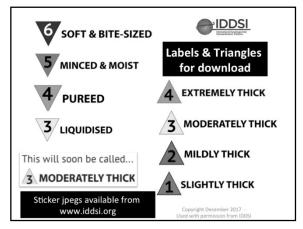
# IDDSI: From Regulatory Requirements to Successful Implementation Webinar



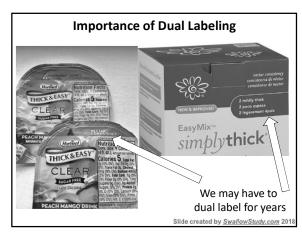


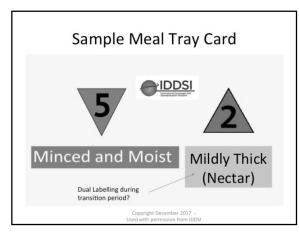


# IDDSI: From Regulatory Requirements to Successful Implementation Webinar

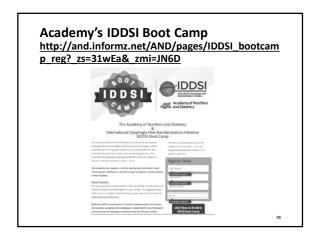


7 Regular	RG7	
6 Soft & Bite-Sized	SB6	
5 Minced & Moist	MM5	
4 Pureed	PU4	Abbreviations suitable
4 Extremely Thick	EX4	for use with
3 Liquidised	LQ3	Foodservice Computer Software
3 Moderately Thick	MO3	
2 Mildly Thick	MT2	
1 Slightly Thick	ST1	
0 Thin	TN0	Information from IDDSI website Slide created by SwallowStudy.com 2018





Name:		Date:	SLP p	pager:	Start dual-
DIET OR	DER	:			labeling in
SOLIDS	Old	National Dysphagia Diet label	New	IDDSI diet label	
		Regular		Regular	your reports.
		Dysphagia Advanced/Chopped		Soft & Bite Sized	1 ' '
	_	Dysphagia Mechanically Altered or Ground		Minced & Moist	1
		Dysphagia Pureed		Pureed	Here is an idea
LIQUIDS	Old	National Dysphagia Diet label	New	IDDSI diet label	for dual-
		Thin liquid		Thin	1 for dual-
				Slightly Thick	laboling on
		Nectar Thick Liquid		Mildly Thick	labeling on
		Honey Thick Liquid			swallow
		Pudding Thick Liquid		Extremely Thick	Swallow
MEDICAT	ION	DELIVERY:			guides.
LEVEL O	FSU	JPERVISION:			<u> </u>



# **IDDSI** References and Resources

- Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics: Nutrition Care Manual, Accessed 2/15/19.
   Note: A subscription is required to view the "Diet Manual" and other sections of the Nutrition Care Manual. <a href="https://www.nutritioncaremanual.org/">https://www.nutritioncaremanual.org/</a>
- Complete IDDSI Framework Detailed Definitions: <a href="http://iddsi.org/Documents/IDDSIFramework-CompleteFramework.pdf">http://iddsi.org/Documents/IDDSIFramework-CompleteFramework.pdf</a>
- IDDSI Framework Testing Methods: http://iddsi.org/Documents/IDDSIFramework-TestingMethods.pdf
- IDDSI Framework Evidence Statement: http://iddsi.org/Documents/IDDSIFramework-EvidenceStatement.pdf
- IDDSI Framework Translations: <a href="http://iddsi.org/translations/">http://iddsi.org/translations/</a>
- Please see the IDDSI.org Resources page for more tools: http://iddsi.org/resources/

## **IDDSI Publications:**

- Cichero, J.A.Y., Steele, C., Duivestein, J., et al. (2013). The Need for International Terminology and Definitions for Texture-Modified Foods and Thickened Liquids Used in Dysphagia Management: Foundations of a Global Initiative. Current Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Reports, 1(4), 280-291. https://doi.org/10.1007/s40141-013-0024-z
- Steele, C.M., Alsanei, W.A., Ayanikalath, S., et al. (2015). The Influence of Food Texture and Liquid Consistency Modification on Swallowing Physiology and Function: A Systematic Review. *Dysphagia*, 30(1), 2-26. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00455-014-9578-x
- Cichero, J.A.Y., Lam, P., Steele, C.M., et al. (2017). Development of International Terminology and Definitions for Texture-Modified Foods and Thickened Fluids Used in Dysphagia Management: The IDDSI Framework. Dysphagia, 32(2), 293-314. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00455-016-9758-y
- Lam, P., Stanschus, S., Zaman, R. & Cichero, J.A.Y. (2017). The International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative (IDDSI) framework: The Kempen Pilot. BJNN/Stroke Association Supplement, 13(2), S18-S26. <a href="http://iddsi.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/bjnn.2017.13.sup2\_.s18.pdf">http://iddsi.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/bjnn.2017.13.sup2\_.s18.pdf</a>
- Steele, C.M., Namasivayam-MacDonald, A.M., Guida, B.T., Cichero, J.A.Y., Duivestein, J., Hanson, B., Lam, P. & Riquelme, L.F. (2018). Creation and Initial Validation of the International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative Functional Diet Scale, *Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation*, doi: 10.1016/j.apmr.2018.01.012

## References noted on IDDSI Flow Test slide:

- van Vliet, T. (2002). On the relation between texture perception and fundamental mechanical parameters for liquids and time dependent solids. Food Quality and Preference, 13(4), 227-236. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/S0950-3293(01)00044-1">https://doi.org/10.1016/S0950-3293(01)00044-1</a>
- Kutter, A., Singh, J.P., Rauh, C. & Delgado, A. (2011). Improvement of the prediction of mouthfeel attributes of liquid foods by a Posthumus Funnel. *Journal of Texture Studies*, *41*, 217-227.

# References noted on Transitional Foods slide:

- Gisel, E.G. (1991). Effect of Food Texture on the Development of Chewing of Children Between Six Months and Two Years of Age. *Developmental Medicine & Child Neurology*, 33, 69-79. doi:10.1111/j.1469-8749.1991.tb14786.x
- Dovey, T.M., Aldridge, V.K. & Martin, C.I. (2013). Measuring oral sensitivity in clinical practice: A quick and reliable behavioural method. *Dysphagia*, 28(4), 501-510. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00455-013-9460-2

# **Additional Resources:**

- Dorner B. Diet and Nutrition Care Manual: Comprehensive Nutrition Care Guide.
   Becky Dorner & Associates, Inc. Dunedin, FL. 2019.
- Dorner B. Policy & Procedure Manual: A Resource for Health Care Facilities.
   Becky Dorner & Associates, Inc. Dunedin, FL. 2019.
- www.beckydorner.com Free Webinar Recordings on IDDSI at <a href="https://www.beckydorner.com/hormelhealthlabs/">hormelhealthlabs/</a>. Webinar 1 provides an introduction by nationally recognized expert speech-language pathologist and Webinar 2 provides a team approach to implementation with a nationally recognized team including a registered dietitian nutritionist and speech-language pathologist.
- IDDSI Boot Camp. Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics. Monthly step by step
  emails providing concrete tasks and timelines to guide implementation in your
  facility. Suggested tasks reference the complete implementation guides which
  can be found on <a href="https://iddsi.org/resources/">https://iddsi.org/resources/</a>. Enroll at
  <a href="http://and.informz.net/AND/pages/IDDSI\_bootcamp\_reg?\_zs=31wEa&\_zmi=JN6">http://and.informz.net/AND/pages/IDDSI\_bootcamp\_reg?\_zs=31wEa&\_zmi=JN6</a>



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- Inspiring & Supporting Behavior Change (2017)

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- ADA Guide to Nutrition Therapy for Diabetes (2018)
- Nutrition Care of the Older Adult, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition (2018)
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